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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/528,379	11/29/2005	Jozsef Neu	23212 6926		
535 K.F. ROSS P.0	7590 06/19/2007		EXAMINER		
5683 RIVERD	ALE AVENUE	BALASUBRAMANIAN, VENKATARAMAN			
SUITE 203 BO BRONX, NY		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
ŕ			1624		
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			06/19/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application	No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary		10/528,379		NEU ET AL.					
		Examiner		Art Unit					
		Nenkataram Balasubrama	-	1624					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply									
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).									
Status									
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22	2 March 2007							
	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.								
'=	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposition of Claims									
 4) Claim(s) 8-18 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) 8-16 is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 17 and 18 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 									
Applicati	on Papers								
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.									
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.									
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).									
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 									
Attachment	(s)								
1) 🔲 Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		Interview Summary (
3) 🔲 Infom	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date		Paper No(s)/Mail Dat Notice of Informal Pa Other:						

DETAILED ACTION

Applicants' response, which included cancellations of claims 1-8 and addition of new claims 9-18, filed on 3/22/2007, is made of record. Claims 9-18 are pending. In view of applicants' response, the 112 second paragraph rejection made in the previous office action is rendered moot. However, the following rejections are made now applied to currently pending clams 17 and 18.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Guntoori et al., 6,586,593.

Guntoori et al., teaches a suspension of aminoguanidine salt in methane sulfonic acid. See example 1.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 17 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Guntoori et al., 6,586,593.

Guntoori et al., teaches use of aminoguanidine salt with acid to prepare an intermediate for making Lamotrigine. Guntoori et al., more specifically uses methanesulfonic acid as noted in example 1 (column 5). Since aminoguandine can form salt with methane sulfonic acid, one trained in the art would be motivated to use the preformed, isolated salt. It would be prime facie obvious to one trained in the art to

make the salt and expect the resultant salt to behave in the same way as in situ formed mesylate salt of aminoguanidine.

This rejection is same as made in the previous office action but now applied currently pending claims 17 and 18. Applicants' traversal to overcome this rejection is not persuasive.

First of all, claim 17 is compound claim not a process claim. Hence the attributes applicants' urges for the said process has no relevance. Furthermore, claim 1 clearly permits any salt of aminoguanidine including the salt in reference cited and its suspension in methane sulfonic acid. Example 1 of reference clearly meets this requirement. Thus whatever unexpected/superior results asserted by the applicants due to said suspension is equally shared by the reference.

A compound is a compound and is characterized by its structural make-up not by its properties. The reference clearly teaches the said mesylate and its suspension for the process. The fact that one could isolate the said salt is well within the skill sets of one trained in the art.

Applicants have not invented aminoguanidine or methane sulfonic acid. They are known compounds. Aminoguanidine and its salts are known as evident from the references cited in the IDS. Thus, the given the above reference, one trained in the art has the skills to isolate the intermediate salt.

Hence, this rejection is proper and is maintained.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 8-16 would be allowable, barring finding of any prior art in a subsequent search. Said claims would be allowable as prior art search in the related area did not teach or suggest instant one pot process using specific reagents recited therein.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication from the examiner should be addressed to Venkataraman Balasubramanian (Bala) whose telephone number is (571) 272-0662. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday from 8.00 AM to 6.00 PM. The Supervisory Patent Examiner (SPE) of the art unit 1624 is James O. Wilson, whose telephone number is 571-272-0661. The fax phone number for

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the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned (571) 273-8300. Any

inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-1600.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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Center (EBC) at 866-2 17-9197 (toll-free).

Venkataraman Balasubramanian

6/9/2007